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ORTHOGRAPHY

- 2D vector component of [alphabet](#)
- Circle -
 - Dot , point
 - Hollow
 - Quadrants -
 - right upper , left upper , right lower , left lower
 - Half
 - vertical
 - left semicircle , right semicircle
 - Horizontal
 - Upper semicircle , lower semicircle
 - Oblique halves
 - Solid
- Square
 - Bit , pixel
 - Solid
 - Hollow
 - Quadrant
 - upper
 - right , left
 - obstacle
 - entry
 - adverbs , [adjectives](#)
 - lower
 - right , left
 - Prepositional ideograms
 - sitting [person](#)
 - Halves
 - Right half , left half
 - rooms
 - upper Half , lower half
 - [table](#) , [chair](#) , [bed](#)
- Rhombus
- twinkle
- Solid
 - Quadrant
 - upper Right angled triangles
 - upper left , upper right
 - lower right angled triangles
 - lower left , lower right
 - Halves
 - Vertical
 - right triangle , left triangle
 - Transverse
 - Upper triangle , lower triangle
- Hollow

- Quadrant
 - oblique line
 - left and right
- Halves
 - vertical
 - left half triangle , right half triangle
 - Horizontal
 - upper half triangle , lower half triangle
- Compound
 - half triangle
 - with a handle
 - hook
 - with a loop or fold
 - with a tooth
 - [arrow](#)
 - with a tag or oblique line
 - doublets of
 - side by side
 - one on top of another opposite
 - Half square
 - with a handle
 - spoon
 - with a loop of fold
 - with a tooth
 - with a tag or oblique line
 - doublets of
 - same faces / tips
 - opposite faces / tips
 - straight half triangle
 - With a handle
 - straight Z shape
 - with a loop or fold
 - with a tooth
 - [corner arrow](#)
 - halves of [corner arrow](#)
 - acute angle
 - with a tag
 - square root symbol
 - Semicircles
 - with a Handle
 - with a Tag
 - with a circular loop
 - Doublets
 - same faces / tips
 - one on top of other same side
 - different faces / tips
 - acute angle triangle
 - acute half angled triangle
 - Obtuse angle triangle
 - obtuse half angled triangle

- More complex
 - circle and square
 - Triangle
 - with a handle
 - on its tip
 - on its side
 - with an oblique tag
 - doublets of
 - same faces / tips
 - opposite faces / tips

STROKES

Mantrakshar strokes are the calligraphic strokes needed to write the **Mantrakshar** characters in regular **script** used in calligraphy. These strokes are the classified set of line patterns that may be arranged and combined to form character.

The study and classification of **Mantrakshar strokes is used for:**

- understanding **mantrakshar** character calligraphy – the correct method of writing, shape formation and stroke order required for character legibility;
- understanding stroke changes according to the style that is in use;
- defining stroke naming and counting conventions;
- identifying fundamental components of **Mantrakshar** radicals; and
- their use in computing.

The Logic of combining two strokes basically depends on 3 principles

- 1. Direction - leftward , rightward , upward , downward
- 2. Position - above , below , left side , right side , upper left **corner** , upper right **corner** , lower left **corner** , lower right **corner**
- 3. Orientation - transverse , longitudinal , oblique

SINGLE STROKES

These are the most basic strokes used for creating almost any character in **mantrakshar**. These strokes are also used to **create** the **mantrakshar** particles. These basic strokes are written in a very small quantity just to signify the presence so they are usually considered to be equivalent to dots because you cannot differentiate these strokes with each other. Their writing order is given below in the picture as horizontal stroke is written from left to right , vertical stroke is written from top to bottom , left slash is written as a throw away towards left side, right slash is written some what slowly and stress is given so it is a press down stroke toward the right lower **corner**.

Combined Oblique ^ Combined axis ^ overall combined ^

left to right	up to down	centre to lower left corner	centre to lower right corner
---------------	-------------------	------------------------------------	-------------------------------------

DOUBLE STROKES

These are the compound pair of strokes which can be written without lifting the pen. These strokes are also used frequently in constructing the mantrakshar characters.

			
			
corner		child	
			
muscle			
			
			
		alphabet	
			
		fullbend	
			
		help	
			
		move	

			
finger			
			
against	according		
			

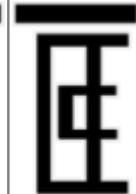
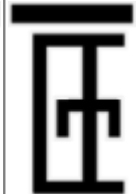
some			
with	gun	hand	weight

TRIPLE STROKES

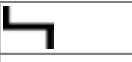
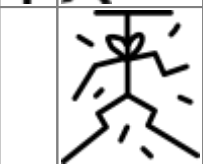
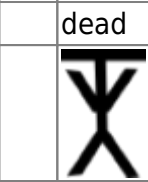
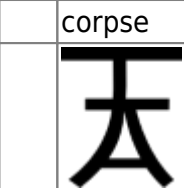
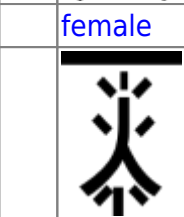
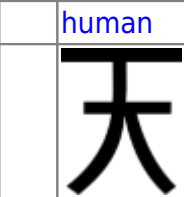
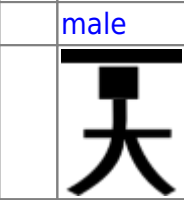
A compound stroke (also called a complex stroke) is produced when two or more basic strokes are combined in a single stroke written without lifting the writing instrument from the writing surface. Below is the list of the complex triple stroke formed by the combination of basic 3 strokes. These strokes are used in forming a huge number of [mantrakshar](https://mantrakshar.co.in/) characters as well as forming the devanagri alphabets.

Another form of writing is cursive which is formed by combining the cursive forms. The sanskrit or devanagri alphabets use straight strokes as well as cursive strokes which are written in a combined form, they combine the cursive forms with the simple basic strokes like vertical [bar](#), horizontal [bar](#) and then the full [alphabet](#) is formed. Below is a simple [table](#) showing the alphabets of sanskrit formed by combining the cursive with the straight forms.

create		wing	
any	not		sound
	name		
	sit-lotus		

			
arrow			
			
			
			
left	right	down	up
			
room		balance	question
			
		bed	
			
		chair	
			
		table	
			
		moon	
			
		music	

		cover	
		place	
		sit	
		study	
squat	weak	prone_sleep	lie_down
string	fetus	water	
kneel			
liver			
stomach			

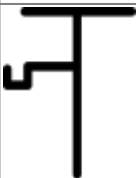
			
			
intestine			
			
			
			
			
ache			
			
dead			
			
corpse			
			
female			
			
fire			
			
human			
			
male			
			

	person		
			
skeleton			
			
trunk			
			
action			
			
doer			
			
tree			
			
food			

FOUR STROKES

This category contains 4 strokes which can be written without lifting the pen or some strokes have to be written by lifting the pen.

E form of strokes have to be written by lifting the pen once.

			
			
supine_hand			

life			
brush	scribe		back
			mountain

CURSIVE AND ENCLOSED FORMS

CURSIVE

CURSIVE RADICALS			
that		this	

- circle
- heart shape

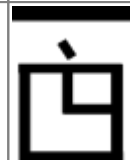
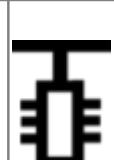
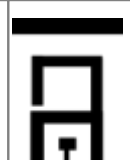
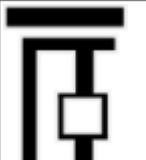
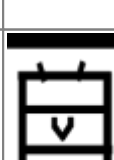
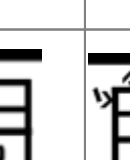
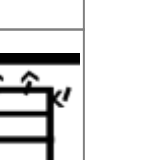
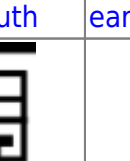
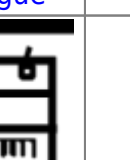
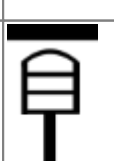
particle	

seed	
stone	
wheel	
womb	
bouba	
cloud	
gland	

ENCLOSED

- Rhombus
- square
- rectangle
- parallelogram

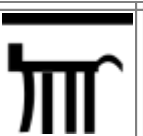
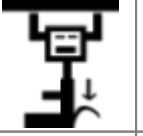
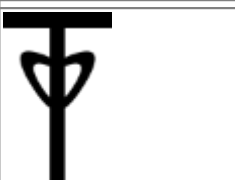
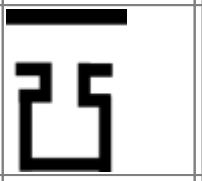
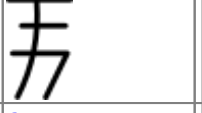
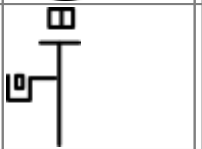
BOX				
				
box				
				
hair	sun			

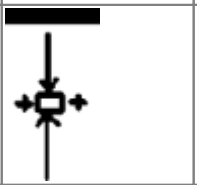
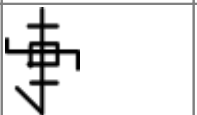
BOX				
				
cell	board	time	money	message
				
group				
				
hammer	insect	lock	hole	object
				
elevation	pit			
				
face				
				
eye	nose	mouth	ear	
				
		tongue		
				
		teeth		
				
evaluation	mind			

centre	different	equal	
leaf			
ship			
crown			

MISCELLANEOUS

body	
book	
brain	
foot	
heart-form	
kidney	
neuron	
stairs	
lung	

animal	
bird	
tail	
	
emotion	cat-pose
	monkey-pose
fish	
	
flower	stand
	
flag	tree-pose
	
	air
	
	force
fruit	
have	

join	
main	
radical-electricity	
tool	

COMBINATION OF STROKES

While some strokes which can be equated to pictograms can be easily understood but other strokes which are not pictograms has to be degraded in to smaller strokes so that they can be easily understood. All these strokes mainly come under the category of simple ideograms.

GENUS ALPHABET

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